A COMMUNITY CONVERSATION



Diabetes November 16, 2022

LET'S TALK ABOUT

HEALTH

Today's Speaker



PRESENTER NAME: Angela Ginn-Meadow RN, RD, LDN, CDCES

Currently the Director of Baltimore Metropolitan Diabetes Regional partnership for UMMC. As a Diabetes Care and Education expert over the past 15 years she has improved clinical outcomes for patients. She is passionate about health, wellness and obesity prevention. As a community change agent for the development of wrap around services to improve social inequalities of health. Ginn-Meadow is a scientific advisor for the Grain Foods Foundation as she serves as a Diabetes Expert. She graduated with honors from Morgan State University with a Bachelor of Science in Food & Nutrition.

As a media expert & Past National Spokeswoman for the Academy of Nutrition & Dietetics she has been featured in Marie Claire, Food Network, Everyday Living, Prevention and Better Homes & Gardens, Essence and Dr. OZ, just to name a few.

Areas of Expertise:

Diabetes Food Preparation, Meal Planning, Behavior & Lifestyle Changes, Culinary Nutrition



A Way to Take Charge- Use Ask Me 3[®]

Ask Me 3 is a program that suggests using three simple, straightforward questions when talking to your doctor, nurse, pharmacist or health care provider about your health:

- 1. What is my main problem?
- 2. What do I need to do?
- 3. Why is it important for me to do this?



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Building a Better Plate for Diabetes Prevention & Management

Fat, Salt, Sugar & Our waistline!



Using Ask Me 3[®]

Statement (problem)

Q: I have a dark patch on my neck what could that be?

A: That can be a sign of Prediabetes/Insulin resistance. Prediabetes is a condition when the blood sugar is higher than normal but not high enough to be diagnosed with Type 2 Diabetes.

Q: What do I need to do to prevent diabetes?

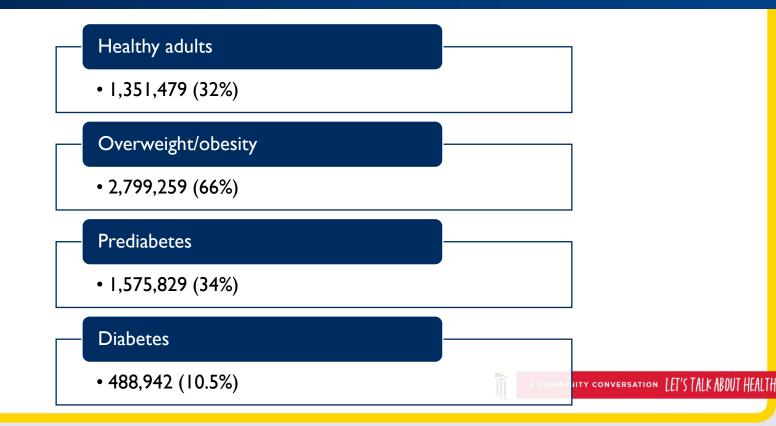
A: In order to lower the risk of diabetes, you should lose at least 5% body weight and get active 150 minutes per week.

Q: Why is it important for me to do this?

A: Prediabetes can increase your risk of Type 2 diabetes, Stroke, Heart Disease and Neuropathy. You can prevent Prediabetes!



Prediabetes & diabetes Public Burden in Maryland



Public Health Burden of Prediabetes

- Prediabetes: 38% of US adults (~96 million!)
- I 5-30% of people with prediabetes today will develop diabetes in the next 5 years
- Prediabetes increases risk of premature mortality, CVD, neuropathy
- ~80% with prediabetes are unaware of their status

Prediabetes & Diabetes

Prediabetes:

- A1c: 5.7-6.4%
- Fasting: 100-125mg/dl

Diabetes:

- A1c: >6.5%
- Fasting: >126mg/dl



Are you at risk for Type 2 diabetes?

•Have prediabetes.

•Are overweight.

•Are 45 years or older.

•Have a parent, brother, or sister with type 2 diabetes.

•Are physically active less than 3 times a week.

•Waist line: > 40 inches (Men) > 35 inches (Women) •Have ever had gestational diabetes (diabetes during pregnancy) or given birth to a baby who weighed over 9 pounds.

•Are an African American, Hispanic or Latino, American Indian, or Alaska Native person. Some Pacific Islanders and Asian American people are also at higher risk.

If you have non-alcoholic fatty liver disease you may also be at risk for Type 2 Diabetes.



Ways to Prevent Type 2 Diabetes & Manage Diabetes

- Lifestyle Changes- Diet & Exercise
- Lifestyle Change Program (DPP Program)
- Diabetes Self-Management Training



Fad Diets vs. Lifestyle

- Carnivore Diet
- Whole 30
- Keto Diet
- Atkins
- Paleo

- Mediterranean Diet
- WW
- Vegetarian Diet
- Flexitarian Diet
- DASH Diet
- Low Fat



Recipe for disaster

- Dyslipidemia
- Hypertension
- Impaired Glucose Tolerance
- Insulin resistance
- Excessive insulin production



Nutrients of Concern

- Saturated Fat
- Sodium
- Simple Carbohydrates



Nutrients for Disaster

Saturated Fat

- Solid at room temperature
- Animal Fat
- Contribute to dyslipidemia
- Goal: <10% of total caloric intake from saturated fat

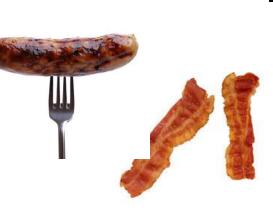


Nutrients for disaster

Saturated Fat Common food items:













Nutrients for disaster



- SodiumFound in a variety of sources
 - Americans average about 3,300 milligrams of sodium per day, about 75 percent of which comes from processed foods
 - Aim for 2,300 mg (1 teaspoon of salt)
 - Existing Hypertension: Aim for 1,500 mg (1/4 tsp salt)



Nutrients of disaster

Sodium Common sources:













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Nutrients for disaster

Simple Carbohydrates



- Added Sugar
- Excessive calories
- The average American consumes 22 teaspoons of added sugar a day, which amounts to an extra 350 calories.
- Low in Fiber
- Excessive insulin production
- Aim for 100 calories per day (6 teaspoons)



Nutrients for Disaster

Simple Carbohydrates Common forms of added sugar

Agave nectar	Evaporated cane juice	Malt syrup
Brown sugar	Fructose	Maple syrup
Cane crystals	Fruit juice concentrates	Molasses
Cane sugar	Glucose	Raw sugar
Corn sweetener	High-fructose corn syrup	Sucrose
Corn syrup	Honey	Syrup
Crystalline fructose	Invert sugar	
Dextrose	Maltose	



Your Recipe for success

Dietary Changes +

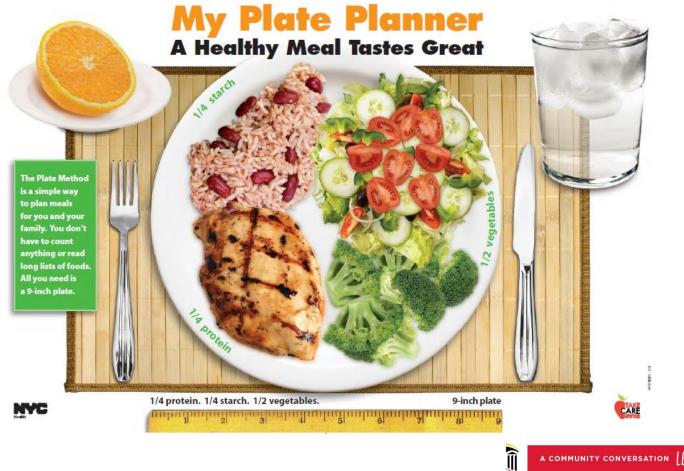
Physical activity = Quality of Life



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Eating Healthy

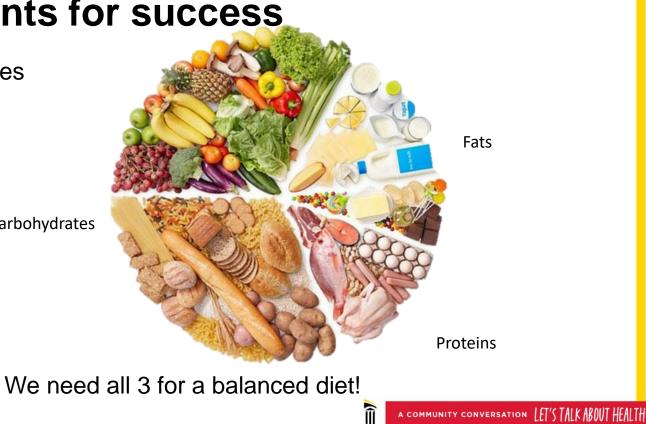




Macronutrients for success

Carbohydrates Protein Fat

Carbohydrates



Carbohydrates

Fiber

Starch

Sugar







Vegetables Fruit Whole grains Beans Nuts Potatoes Corn, Peas Grains, Pastas Breads, Crackers Chips, Cookies Desserts Sweets, Candies Pastries Ice Cream Juice, Soda

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Not all carbohydrates are equal!

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Fruits & Vegetables

Make 1/2 your plate vegetables.

Choose a variety of colors - eat the rainbow!

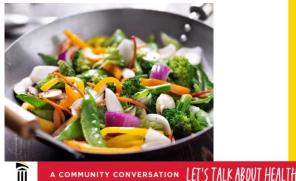
•Aim for **3 vegetable** servings per day

•Aim for **2 fruit** servings per day

Great source of fiber, vitamins and minerals!







Protein 1/4 of your plate

- Chicken, turkey
 - Breast or wing, no skin
- Lean beef or pork
- Seafood
- Eggs
- Dairy
 - · Low-fat
- · Beans and peas
- Soy products
- Nuts
- Seeds

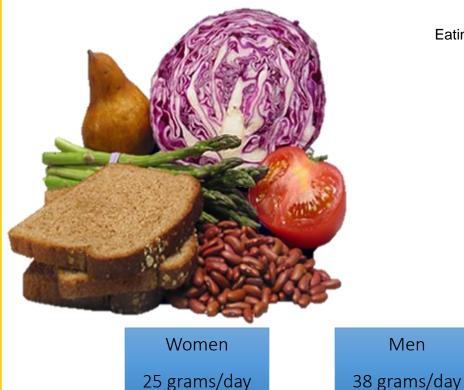




Fats

Aim for Foods High in Fiber

Men



Eating more fiber can help you: Feel more satisfied after eating

Lower blood cholesterol

Keep blood glucose on target

Help you go to the bathroom more regularly

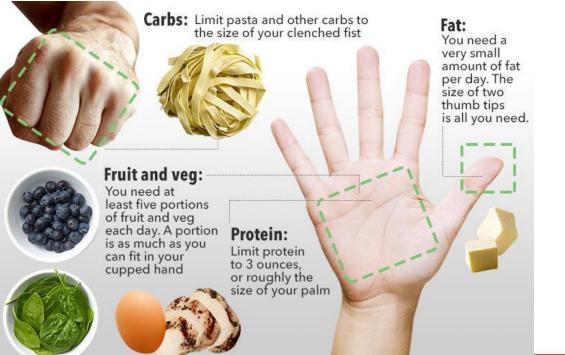
Reduce your risk for colon cancer



Tools for Learning Portion Control Measure portions until you can "eyeball" serving sizes



Portion Sizes



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Healthy Cooking Methods













Healthy Menu Options

Choose

- Baked, broiled or grilled poultry, fish, or lean meat
- Tomato sauces
- Leafy green salad with vinaigrette
- Brown rice or baked potato
- Broth or veggie soups
- Fruit-based dessert or sherbet
- Water, coffee, tea, diet beverage or nonfat milk

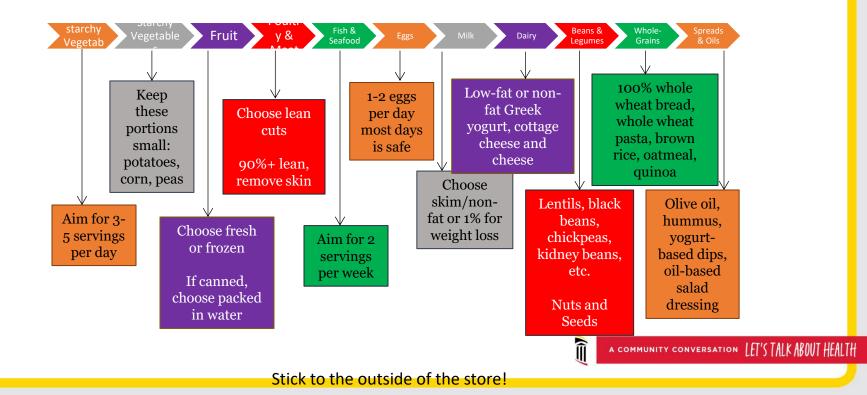


Instead of

- Fried, buttered, sautéed, marbled, or breaded meats
- Cream or butter sauces (ex. alfredo)
- Caesar, potato, or pasta salad
- French fries, mashed potatoes
- Creamy soups
- Cake or pie
- Soda, lemonade, sweet tea, mixed coffee beverages, alcoholic drinks



Grocery Shopping



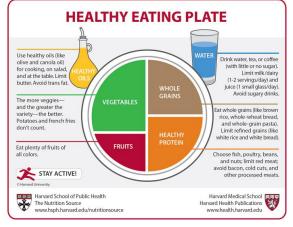
Stretch Your Food Budget

Keep a running grocery list & stick to it.Look for deals and sales at grocery stores.Save with store brands.Use coupons only when they same money.Canned and frozen fruits and vegetables count.Buy fish frozenDrink Tap water



Portions and Healthy Plate







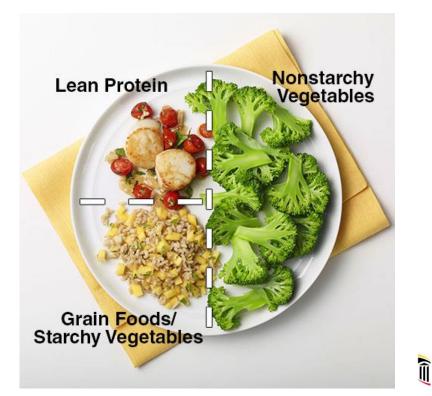
Choose a 9 inch plate for portion control!





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Picture Your Plate



Picture your plate





Picture Your Plate







Physical Activity

Aim for 150 minutes per week.



Good News About Physical Activity Regular physical activity can help you:

Lose weight

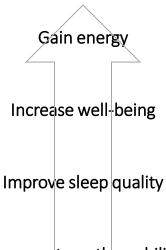
Lower risk for heart disease

Reduce need for medication, possibly

Reduce symptoms of depression and anxiety







Increase strength, mobility, and stamina



Physical Activity: Keep it Fun







Choose activities you enjoy

Enjoy activity with a partner

Add variety to your daily routine

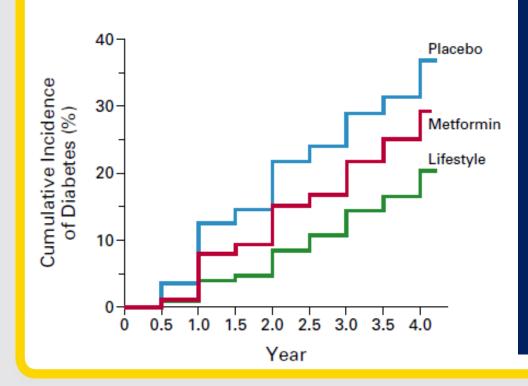


Diabetes Prevention Program



Diabetes Prevention Program – Randomized controlled trial in 3,234 participants at risk for diabetes





Goals of Intensive Lifestyle Intervention

- 7% weight loss
- 150 min/wk moderate intensity exercise

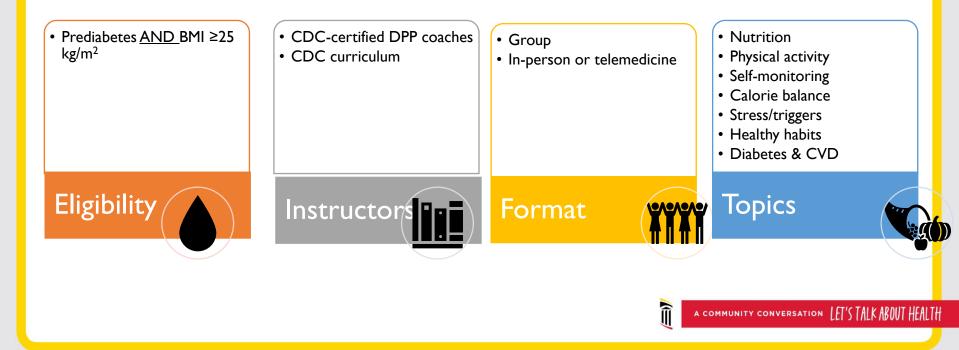
Intervention contacts

- Trained interventionists
- Weekly to monthly contacts
- Goal-setting
- Self-monitoring
- Motivational interviewing

Diabetes Prevention Program Research Group. NEJM. 2002;346:393-403



Program Goals: Physical activity ≥150 min/week, weight loss ≥5%



DPP





Join a Program Today!

- Diabetes Prevention Program: ummidtown.org/dpp
- Diabetes Self-Management Program:

ummidtown.org/dsmt



Recipe for success

- 3 servings of whole grains daily
- 3 cups of beans/legumes each week
- ½ plate of vegetables 2x/day
- 3 servings of fruit each day
- 6oz-8oz of lean protein per day (1/4 of your plate)
- 3 servings of low-fat dairy/calcium rich items
- Snack on ¼ cup of nuts daily
- 8 (8 oz) of water daily
- Sprinkle on the spice for flavor
- Walk/play for 150 minutes a week (20 minutes a day)



Diabetes is a Journey...

- Diabetes can be controlled!
- You can thrive when living with diabetes!
- You are not alone!
- Type 2 Diabetes can be prevented!
- Get a team to partner with you to manage your diabetes!



Questions & Answers





A recording of this webinar will be posted within 48 hours at <u>www.umms.org/letstalk</u>

Previous webinars including Technology/Telehealth, Accessing Care/Ask Me 3[®], Children's Health/Safety, Men's Health, Women's Health, Diabetes, Lung Disease, COVID-19 Vaccines, Heart Health, Advance Directives, Asthma and Stroke Prevention, Fall Prevention, Alzheimer's/Dementia, Long COVID & Pediatric COVID Vaccine, Pharmacy/Medication Management, Colon Cancer, Healthy Aging, PTSD Post Traumatic Stress Disorder, Vaping, Sickle Cell, Sudden Cardiac Arrest are also available for viewing.



Join us in December 21, 2022, 12:00 pm



Thank you!

